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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/576,366	04/19/2006	Paul Grison	BONN128	7378
32954	576.366 04/19/2006 Paul G 054 7590 11/19/2007 MES C. LYDON 0 DAINGERFIELD ROAD JITE 100		EXAMINER	
100 DAINGERFIELD ROAD		SWARTHOUT, BRENT		
SUITE 100 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2612	
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			11/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/576,366	GRISON, PAUL			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Brent A. Swarthout	2612			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of a Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	·				
 4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o 	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the Education of the Education is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(e)	·				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4-19-06. 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other: S. Patent and Trademark Office					

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1. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, lines 2-5 "the information", "the criteria", "the regulations" and "the controlling" all have no antecedent basis, and on line 6 "and/or" is indefinite.

In claim 3, line 4 "for example" is indefinite.

In claim 4, line 5 "and/or" is indefinite.

In claim 7, line 6 "the common public key" has no antecedent basis.

In claim 8, line 5 "the public key" has no antecedent basis.

In claim 9, line 5 "the sender" has no antecedent basis.

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1,2 and 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rai.

Rai discloses a system for controlling information relating to a vehicle containing a chip with criteria which must be satisfied according to regulations in force whereby an authorized person can inspect the chip (col. 4, lines 3-4) using a data input device 150 (col. 4, lines 1-2), said chip using contactless communication and being adapted for installation inside a vehicle (col. 4, lines 1-2, 29-30), data input device 150 providing contactless reading of chip (col.4, lines 34-36) and display means 265 (col. 6, lines 24-26), except for specifically stating that electronic tag 115 is a chip card.

However, since tag 115 is small enough to fit into a license plate (col. 4, line 29), choosing to have tag be in the form of a chip card would have been an obvious matter of engineering choice, since chip card is a conventional form of electronic tags.

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applicant citing no criticality for use of this well-known form of tag versus other forms of electronic tags.

Regarding claim 2, tag 115 is placed at dashboard (col. 4, line 30).

Regarding claim 4, Rai teaches use of administrative center 180 to administer the queried information (col. 5, lines 18-30).

Regarding claim 5, Rai teaches connection of input device to center via cellular means (col. 4, lines 44-45), and since communication to center takes place through data network 190, choosing to use well-known server means for communication would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, since networks typically use server connections.

Regarding claim 6, Rai teaches use of codes when communicating with electronic tag (col. 4, lines 4-14).

3. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rai in view of Dodd et al.

Rai discloses a vehicle information accessing system as set forth above, except for specifically stating that information accessed includes distance traveled over a given period.

Dodd teaches desirability of accessing distance traveled for a period of time from a vehicle (col. 3, lines 6-13).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to access distance traveled information as suggested by Dodd in conjunction with a vehicle information access system as disclosed by Dodd, in order to allow a system user to determine if vehicle operator was in compliance with proper driving requirements.

4. Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rai in view of Houser.

Rai discloses a vehicle information accessing system as set forth above, except for specifically stating that code transmission/reception involves use of private and public keys for encryption/decryption.

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Houser teaches desirability of accessing information from a vehicle log using private/public key means for encryption/decryption (pages 4-5).

It would have been obvious to use public/private key means as suggested by Houser in conjunction with a vehicle information access system as disclosed by Rai, in order to ensure that communication between a vehicle and reader were secure, so that confidential data would not become available to unauthorized parties.

Regarding claim 9, Houser teaches protecting data with digital signatures formed by encrypting digital hash values (page 4, lines 18-20).

5. Claim10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rai in view of Monroe.

Rai discloses a vehicle information accessing system as set forth above, including use of keyboard 275 at data input means 150, and ticket processing for violations (col. 5, lines 25-40), except for specifically stating that authorized person can create a ticket card to attach to a vehicle for a violation.

Monroe teaches desirability of allowing an authorized user to create a ticket for attachment to a vehicle in violation of a regulation (col. 9, lines 64-67).

It would have been obvious to attach a ticket to a vehicle in violation as suggested by Monroe in conjunction with a system as disclosed by Rai, in order that tickets could have been delivered directly to a vehicle without having to provide the extra steps of remote preparation and mailing.

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Koljonen, Warner and Horvat disclose vehicle information accessing systems.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brent A. Swarthout whose telephone number is 571-272-2979. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th from 6:00 to 3:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Wu, can be reached on 571-272-2964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Brent A Swarthout Primary Examiner Art Unit 2612

DRENT A. SWARTHOUT PRIMARY EXAMINER